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	Industries Inc.)		
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
14	FOR EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
•	FOR EASTERN DISTRIC	CT OF CALIFORN	IA
15	FOR EASTERN DISTRIC	CT OF CALIFORN	IA
	MICHAEL HELLMAN, individually on behalf of)		IA cv-00949-JAM-DMC
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15 16 17	MICHAEL HELLMAN, individually on behalf of) himself and all others similarly situated;) FRANCISCO BERLANGA, individually on) behalf of himself and all others similarly situated;)		
15 16 17 18	MICHAEL HELLMAN, individually on behalf of) himself and all others similarly situated;) FRANCISCO BERLANGA, individually on) behalf of himself and all others similarly situated;) TIM ARTOFF, individually on behalf of himself) and all others similarly situated; CY MITCHELL,)	CASE NO.: 2:21-0 CLASS ACTION STIPULATED PI	ev-00949-JAM-DMC
15 16 17 18	MICHAEL HELLMAN, individually on behalf of) himself and all others similarly situated;) FRANCISCO BERLANGA, individually on) behalf of himself and all others similarly situated;) TIM ARTOFF, individually on behalf of himself) and all others similarly situated; CY MITCHELL,) individually on behalf of himself and all others) similarly situated; and JONATHAN LOLLAR,)	CASE NO.: 2:21-0	ev-00949-JAM-DMC
15 16 17 18	MICHAEL HELLMAN, individually on behalf of) himself and all others similarly situated;) FRANCISCO BERLANGA, individually on) behalf of himself and all others similarly situated;) TIM ARTOFF, individually on behalf of himself) and all others similarly situated; CY MITCHELL, individually on behalf of himself and all others) similarly situated; and JONATHAN LOLLAR, individually on behalf of himself and all others)	CASE NO.: 2:21-0 CLASS ACTION STIPULATED PI	ev-00949-JAM-DMC
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15 16 17 18 19 20	MICHAEL HELLMAN, individually on behalf of) himself and all others similarly situated;) FRANCISCO BERLANGA, individually on) behalf of himself and all others similarly situated;) TIM ARTOFF, individually on behalf of himself) and all others similarly situated; CY MITCHELL,) individually on behalf of himself and all others) similarly situated; and JONATHAN LOLLAR,) individually on behalf of himself and all others) similarly situated,) Plaintiffs,)	CASE NO.: 2:21-0 CLASS ACTION STIPULATED PI ORDER	ev-00949-JAM-DMC
115 116 117 118 119 220 221	MICHAEL HELLMAN, individually on behalf of) himself and all others similarly situated;) FRANCISCO BERLANGA, individually on) behalf of himself and all others similarly situated;) TIM ARTOFF, individually on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated; CY MITCHELL,) individually on behalf of himself and all others) similarly situated; and JONATHAN LOLLAR, individually on behalf of himself and all others) similarly situated,)	CASE NO.: 2:21-0 CLASS ACTION STIPULATED PI ORDER Complaint filed:	cv-00949-JAM-DMC ROTECTIVE May 25, 2021
115 116 117 118 119 220 21 222 223	MICHAEL HELLMAN, individually on behalf of) himself and all others similarly situated; FRANCISCO BERLANGA, individually on) behalf of himself and all others similarly situated; TIM ARTOFF, individually on behalf of himself) and all others similarly situated; CY MITCHELL,) individually on behalf of himself and all others) similarly situated; and JONATHAN LOLLAR,) individually on behalf of himself and all others) similarly situated,) Plaintiffs,) v.) POLARIS INDUSTRIES INC., a Delaware	CASE NO.: 2:21-0 CLASS ACTION STIPULATED PI ORDER Complaint filed:	cv-00949-JAM-DMC ROTECTIVE May 25, 2021
115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223 224	MICHAEL HELLMAN, individually on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated; FRANCISCO BERLANGA, individually on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated; TIM ARTOFF, individually on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated; CY MITCHELL, individually on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated; and JONATHAN LOLLAR, individually on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, Plaintiffs, V. POLARIS INDUSTRIES INC., a Delaware corporation; POLARIS SALES INC., a Minnesota corporation; POLARIS INC. (f/k/a)	CASE NO.: 2:21-0 CLASS ACTION STIPULATED PI ORDER Complaint filed:	cv-00949-JAM-DMC ROTECTIVE May 25, 2021
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	MICHAEL HELLMAN, individually on behalf of) himself and all others similarly situated; FRANCISCO BERLANGA, individually on) behalf of himself and all others similarly situated;) TIM ARTOFF, individually on behalf of himself) and all others similarly situated; CY MITCHELL,) individually on behalf of himself and all others) similarly situated; and JONATHAN LOLLAR,) individually on behalf of himself and all others) similarly situated,) Plaintiffs,) V.) POLARIS INDUSTRIES INC., a Delaware corporation; POLARIS SALES INC., a	CASE NO.: 2:21-0 CLASS ACTION STIPULATED PI ORDER Complaint filed:	cv-00949-JAM-DMC ROTECTIVE May 25, 2021
115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222 223 224	MICHAEL HELLMAN, individually on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated; FRANCISCO BERLANGA, individually on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated; TIM ARTOFF, individually on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated; CY MITCHELL, individually on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated; and JONATHAN LOLLAR, individually on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, Plaintiffs, V. POLARIS INDUSTRIES INC., a Delaware corporation; POLARIS SALES INC., a Minnesota corporation; POLARIS INC. (f/k/a) POLARIS INDUSTRIES INC.), a Minnesota	CASE NO.: 2:21-0 CLASS ACTION STIPULATED PI ORDER Complaint filed:	cv-00949-JAM-DMC ROTECTIVE May 25, 2021

Plaintiffs and Defendants agree that during the course of discovery it may be necessary to disclose certain confidential and proprietary information relating to the subject matter of the above-captioned action ("Action"). They agree that the documents and other information, including the substance and contents thereof, designated by any party as confidential and proprietary, and produced by that party in response to any formal or informal request for discovery in the Action, shall be subject to the terms of this Protective Order ("Protective Order" or "Order") as set forth below.

Good cause exists to support the entry of this Order because the information sought in discovery includes information that at least one party considers confidential and proprietary, including trade secret and confidential research, development, or commercial information, or other information that a party deems confidential and protectable under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26. Divulging such information without any protection from disclosure to the general public, or to the parties for purposes other than this Action, could be detrimental to the ongoing business of the parties, particularly those parties who are conducting business in a highly competitive environment. The purpose of this Order is to expedite the exchange of discovery material, facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality and privilege, and protect material to be kept confidential or privileged pursuant to the Court's inherent authority, its authority under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c) and Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d), and the judicial opinions interpreting such Rules. For good cause shown under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), the Court grants the parties' joint request and hereby enters the following Protective Order:

ORDERED:

I. CONFIDENTIALITY.

- 1. Information. "Information" includes the contents of documents, any data and information associated with documents (whether physical or in electronic format), oral and written testimony, answers to interrogatories, admissions, and data and information derived from objects other than documents, produced or disclosed in these proceedings by any party to the Action or by any third party (the "Producing Party") to any other party or parties, subject to the provisions in Paragraphs 5 and 6 of this Order (the "Receiving Party").
- 2. Confidentiality Designations. This Order covers Information that the Producing Party designates "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential." Information may be designated as Confidential when (i) the Producing Party reasonably believes that the Information constitutes, reflects, discloses, or contains

Information subject to protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c) or other confidential, nonpublic information, or (ii) the Producing Party reasonably believes that the document or information 3 includes material protected by federal, state, or foreign data protection laws or other privacy obligations, 4 including (but not limited to) consumer and third-party names, such as the first and last names of persons involved in an accident or of other individuals not directly involved in an accident but included in documents related to an accident; Social Security Numbers; health information relating to the past, present, or future physical or mental health or condition of an individual; the provision of health care to an individual, or the past, present, or future payment for the provision of health care to an individual; driver's license or other identification numbers; personal financial information such as tax information, 10 bank-account numbers, and credit-card numbers, insurance-claim numbers; insurance-policy numbers; vehicle identification numbers; or the personal email addresses or other contact information of board members and employees ("Personal Information"). Information may be designated as Highly Confidential when: (i) the Producing Party reasonably believes that the documents or information contain competitively 14 sensitive information regarding future product designs or strategies, commercial or financial information, 15 product testing, or other sensitive information, the disclosure of which to third-party competitors may 16 result in commercial harm; or (ii) the Producing Party reasonably believes that the documents or information includes Personal Information. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 3(b), the parties shall 18 make Confidential and Highly Confidential designations in good faith to ensure that only those documents that merit Confidential or Highly Confidential treatments are so designated.

- 3. *Procedure for Confidentiality Designations.*
- Designation. To designate Information as Confidential or Highly Confidential, a (a) Producing Party must mark it or identify it on the record or in writing as such. Any such designation may be withdrawn by the Producing Party.
- (b) Bulk Designation. To expedite production of potentially voluminous materials, a Producing Party may, but is not required to, produce materials without a detailed confidentiality review, subject to the "clawback" procedures in Paragraphs 3(f) and 10 of this Order or as otherwise agreed to. In so doing, the Producing Party may designate those collections of documents that by their nature contain

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Confidential or Highly Confidential Information with the appropriate designation notwithstanding that some of the documents within the collection may not qualify for such designation. The materials that may be so designated shall be limited to the types or categories of documents that the Producing Party reasonably believes may contain Confidential or Highly Confidential Information, as defined in Paragraph 2 of this Order. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Receiving Party may at any time challenge the designation of one or more particular documents as Confidential or Highly Confidential on the grounds that it does not or they do not qualify for such protection. If the Producing Party agrees, it must promptly notify all Receiving Parties that it is withdrawing or changing the designation.

- (c) *Marking*. All or any part of a document, tangible object, discovery response, or pleading disclosed, produced, or filed by a Producing Party may be designated Confidential or Highly Confidential by marking the appropriate legend ("CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL") on the face of the document and each page so designated. With respect to tangible items or electronically stored Information produced in native format, the appropriate legend shall be marked on the face of the tangible item or media containing electronically stored Information, if practicable, or by written notice to the Receiving Party at the time of disclosure, production, or filing that such tangible item or media is Confidential or Highly Confidential or contains such Information.
- (d) Redaction. Any Producing Party may redact from the documents and things it produces any Information that the Producing Party claims is subject to attorney-client privilege, work product protection, a legal prohibition against disclosure, or any other privilege or immunity. The Producing Party shall mark each thing where matter has been redacted with a legend stating "PRIVACY," "PII," "PRIVILEGED," or a comparable notice. Where a document consists of more than one page, each page on which Information has been redacted shall be so marked. The Producing Party shall preserve an unredacted version of each such document. The process for challenging the designation of redactions shall be the same as the process for challenging the designation of Confidential Material and Highly Confidential Material set forth in Paragraph 4. If counsel for the Producing Party agrees that Confidential or Highly Confidential Information initially redacted shall not be subject to redaction or shall receive alternative treatment, or if the Court orders that those materials shall not be subject to redaction or shall

receive alternative treatment, and the Information is subsequently produced in unredacted form, then that unredacted Information shall bear the appropriate legend and shall continue to receive the protections and treatment afforded to documents bearing such designation.

- (e) *Timing*. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 3(f) and 10, documents and other objects must be designated as Confidential or Highly Confidential before disclosure. In the event that a Producing Party designates some or all of a witness's deposition testimony as Confidential or Highly Confidential, the specific page and line designations over which confidentiality is claimed must be provided to the Receiving Party within thirty (30) days of receipt of the final transcript, provided, however, that the Receiving Party will consider reasonable requests for an extension of the deadline. Deposition testimony shall be treated as Highly Confidential pending the deadline.
- (f) Errors. Disclosure of Confidential or Highly Confidential Information does not waive the confidential status of such Information. In the event that Confidential or Highly Confidential Information is disclosed without a marking or designation of it as such, the Producing Party may thereafter assert a claim or designation of confidentiality, and promptly provide replacement media. Thereafter, the Receiving Party must immediately return the original Confidential or Highly Confidential Information and all copies of the same to the Producing Party and make no use of such Information.
- 4. Challenges to Confidentiality Designations. Any party may object to the propriety of the designation of specific material as Confidential or Highly Confidential by serving a written objection upon the Producing Party's counsel. The Producing Party or its counsel shall thereafter, within ten calendar days, respond to such objection in writing by either: (i) agreeing to remove the designation; or (ii) stating the reasons for such designation. If the objecting party and the Producing Party are subsequently unable to agree upon the terms and conditions of disclosure for the material(s) at issue, the objecting party may move the Court for an order withdrawing the designation as to the specific designation on which the Parties could not agree. Counsel may agree to a reasonable extension of the ten-day period, if necessary. On such a motion, the Producing Party shall have the burden of proving that "good cause" exists for the designation at issue and that the material is entitled to protection as Confidential or Highly Confidential Information under applicable law. In the event a motion is filed by the objecting party, the Information at

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1	issue shall continue to be treated in the manner as designated by the Producing Party until the Court order			
2	otherwise. A Receiving Party does not waive its right to challenge a Confidential or Highly Confidential			
3	designation by electing not to raise a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed and			
4	may challenge a designation at such time as the Receiving Party deems appropriate. Each party shall bear			
5	its own fees and costs related to any challenges of confidentiality designations under this Protective Order			
6	5. Access to Confidential Information. The Receiving Party may only share Confidential			
7	Information with the following persons and entities related to the Action:			
8	(a) The Court and its staff;			
9	(b) Parties to the Action;			
10	(c) Counsel (and their staff) for the parties;			
11	(d) Court reporters (including audio and video), interpreters, translators, copy services,			
12	graphic-support services, document-imaging services, and database or coding services retained by counse			
13	provided that these individuals or an appropriate company official with authority to do so on behalf of the			
14	company executes a certification attached hereto as Appendix A;			
15	(e) Special masters and their staff, provided that these individuals or an appropriate			
16	company official with authority to do so on behalf of the company executes a certification attached heret			
17	as Appendix A;			
18	(f) Mediators and their staff, provided that these individuals or an appropriate company			
19	official with authority to do so on behalf of the company executes a certification attached hereto as Appendix			
20	A;			
21	(g) Persons who prepared, received, or reviewed the Confidential Information prior to			
22	its production;			
23	(h) A witness during a hearing, a deposition, or preparation for a deposition who is a			
24	current employee of the Party that produced the applicable document(s) or who appears, based on the			
25	document itself or testimony in a deposition, to have specific knowledge of the documents designate			
26	"CONFIDENTIAL";			
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1	(i) Deponents and trial witnesses during a deposition or trial who have a reasonable			
2	need to see the Confidential Information in order to provide testimony, provided such witness executes			
3	certification in the form attached hereto as Appendix A;			
4	(j) Any expert or consultant, and his, her or its staff, hired by a party for litigation			
5	purposes who agrees to be bound by this Order and signs the certificate attached hereto as Appendix A; and			
6	(k) Any other person to whom the Producing Party, in writing, authorizes disclosure.			
7	6. Access to Highly Confidential Information. The Receiving Party may only share Highly			
8	Confidential Information with the following persons and entities related to the Action:			
9	(a) The Court and its staff;			
10	(b) Counsel (and their staff) for parties;			
11	(c) Court reporters (including audio and video), interpreters, translators, copy services,			
12	graphic support services, document imaging services, and database or coding services retained by counse			
13	provided that these individuals or an appropriate company official with authority to do so on behalf of the			
14	company executes a certification attached hereto as Appendix A;			
15	(d) Special masters and their staff, provided that these individuals or an appropriate			
16	company official with authority to do so on behalf of the company executes a certification attached heret			
17	as Appendix A;			
18	(e) Mediators and their staff, provided that these individuals or an appropriate company			
19	official with authority to do so on behalf of the company executes a certification attached hereto a			
20	Appendix A;			
21	(f) Persons who prepared, received, or reviewed the Highly Confidential Information			
22	prior to its production;			
23	(g) A witness during a hearing, a deposition, or preparation for a deposition who is a			
24	current employee of the Producing Party that produced the applicable document(s) or who appears, based			
25	on the document itself or testimony in a deposition, to have specific knowledge of the document			
26	designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL";			
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- (h) Outside experts, consultants, or other agents retained by a party for litigation purposes, provided such expert, consultant, or agent executes a certification in the form attached hereto as Appendix A; and
 - (i) Any other person to whom the Producing Party, in writing, authorizes disclosure.
 - 7. *Use of Confidential and Highly Confidential Information.*
- (a) Restricted to This Proceeding. Confidential Information and Highly Confidential Information must be used only in this proceeding, except that nothing in this Protective Order shall be construed as limiting any party from disclosing a potential safety defect to an appropriate government agency.
- (b) Acknowledgment. Subject to the restrictions contained in Paragraphs 5 and 6, the persons identified in Paragraphs 5 and 6 may receive or review Confidential or Highly Confidential Information. All persons specifically designated in Paragraphs 5 and 6 must execute the certificate attached hereto as Appendix A or affirm on the record that he or she will not disclose Confidential or Highly Confidential Information revealed during a deposition and will keep the transcript confidential.
- (c) Filings. All parties shall make reasonable efforts to avoid requesting the filing of Confidential or Highly Confidential Information under seal by, for example, redacting or otherwise excluding from a submission to the Court any such Information not directly pertinent to the submission. Where not reasonably possible, any Receiving Party wishing to file a document or paper designated Confidential or Highly Confidential by a Producing Party may only file such documents in accordance with Local Rule 141.
- (d) *Hearings*. The use of Confidential or Highly Confidential Information during a pre-trial hearing shall be determined by agreement of the parties or by Order of the Court.
- (e) *Trial*. The use of Confidential or Highly Confidential Information during the trial shall be determined by Order of the Court.
- (f) Subpoena by Other Courts or Agencies. If another court or an administrative agency subpoenas or otherwise orders production of Confidential or Highly Confidential Information that any Party or other person has obtained under the terms of this Order, the Party or other person to whom

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the subpoena or other process is directed must notify the Producing Party in writing within five days of all of the following: (a) the Confidential or Highly Confidential Information that is requested for production in the subpoena; (b) the date by which compliance with the subpoena is requested; (c) the location at which compliance with the subpoena is requested; (d) the identity of the party serving the subpoena; and (e) the case name, jurisdiction and index, docket, complaint, charge, civil action or other identification number or other designation identifying the litigation, administrative proceeding or other proceeding in which the subpoena or other process has been issued. Confidential or Highly Confidential Information shall not be produced prior to the receipt of written notice by the Producing Party and after a reasonable opportunity to object has been offered. Further, the party or person receiving the subpoena or other process will provide the Producing Party with reasonable cooperation. The Producing Party will bear the burden and all costs of opposing the subpoena on grounds of confidentiality.

8. Return of Discovery Materials. Within ninety days of the termination of any party from all proceedings in this proceeding, that party, its employees, attorneys, consultants and experts must destroy or return (at the election of the Receiving Party) all originals and/or copies of documents with Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information. Polaris will retain possession of all files returned by Plaintiffs' Counsel at the termination of all proceedings for a period of five (5) years. At the written request of the Producing Party, any person or entity having custody or control of recordings, notes, memoranda, summaries or other written materials, and all copies thereof, related to or containing discovery materials produced by the Producing Party (the "Discovery Materials") shall deliver to the Producing Party an affidavit certifying that reasonable efforts have been made to assure that all Discovery Materials (except for privileged communications, work product and court-filed documents as stated above) have been destroyed or delivered to the Producing Party in accordance with the terms of this Protective Order. A Receiving Party is permitted to retain a list of the documents by Bates Number that are produced by a Producing Party under this Protective Order.

II. PRIVILEGES.

- 9. No Waiver by Disclosure.
- Evidence. If a Producing Party discloses information in connection with the pending litigation that the Producing Party thereafter claims to be privileged or protected by the attorney-client privilege or attorney work product protection ("Disclosed Protected Information"), the disclosure of the Disclosed Protected Information shall not constitute or be deemed a waiver or forfeiture of any claim of privilege or work product protection that the Producing Party would otherwise be entitled to assert with respect to the Disclosed Protected Information and its subject matter in this proceeding or in any other federal or state proceeding.
- (b) A Producing Party may assert in writing attorney-client privilege or work product protection with respect to Disclosed Protected Information. The Receiving Party must—unless it contests the claim of attorney-client privilege or work product protection in accordance with sub-paragraph (c)—within five business days of receipt of that writing, (i) return or destroy all copies of the Disclosed Protected Information, and (ii) provide a certification of counsel that all of the Disclosed Protected Information has been returned or destroyed. Within five business days of receipt of the notification that the Disclosed Protected Information has been returned or destroyed, the Producing Party must produce a privilege log with respect to the Disclosed Protected Information.
- (c) If the Receiving Party contests the claim of attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the Receiving Party must—within 21 days of receipt of the claim of privilege or protection—move the Court for an Order compelling disclosure of the Disclosed Protected Information (a "Disclosure Motion"). In its Disclosure Motion, the Receiving Party must not assert as a ground for compelling disclosure the fact or circumstance of disclosure in this case, and may not disclose any of the Disclosed Protected Information. Pending resolution of the Disclosure Motion, the Receiving Party must sequester the Disclosed Protected Information and not use the Disclosed Protected Information or disclose it to any person other than as required by law.

- . .

- (d) Disclosed Protected Information that is sought to be reclaimed by the parties to this case pursuant to this Order shall not be used as grounds by any third party to argue that any waiver of privilege or protection has occurred by virtue of any production in this case.
- (e) The Producing Party retains the burden of establishing the privileged or protected nature of the Disclosed Protected Information. Nothing in this paragraph shall limit the right of any party to petition the Court for an *in camera* review of the Disclosed Protected Information.
- Receiving Party of any existing duty or obligation, whether established by case law, rule of court, regulation or other source, to return, and not to review, any privileged or work product materials without being requested by the Producing Party to do so. Rather, in the event a Receiving Party becomes aware that it is in possession of what appears to be privileged or protected documents or materials, then counsel for the Receiving Party shall immediately: (i) cease any further review or use of that document or material and (ii) notify the Producing Party of the apparent production of Disclosed Protected Information, requesting whether the documents or materials are Disclosed Protected Information. In the event the Producing Party confirms the documents or material are Disclosed Protected Information, the Receiving Party shall (i) promptly return or destroy all copies of the Disclosed Protected Information in its possession and (ii) take reasonable steps to retrieve all copies of the Disclosed Protected Information distributed to other counsel or non-parties.

11. Privilege Log Production.

(a) Unless otherwise provided in this Order, any document falling within the scope of any request for production or subpoena that is withheld on the basis of a claim of attorney-client privilege, work product protection, or any other claim of privilege or immunity from discovery is to be identified by the Producing Party on a privilege log, which the Producing Party shall produce in an electronic format that allows text searching. For administrative purposes, an e-mail thread contained within a single document need only be recorded once on the Producing Party's privilege log, even if a privilege or protection is asserted over multiple portions of the thread. Redacted documents need not be logged as long as (a) for emails, the bibliographic information (i.e. to, from, cc, bcc, recipients, date and time) is not

redacted, and the other information required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(5)(A) to enable assessment of the Producing Party's claims of privilege or protection is noted on the face of the document; and (b) for non-email documents, the information required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(5)(A) to enable assessment of the Producing Party's claims of privilege or protection is noted on the face of the document. Documents that are redacted shall be identified as such in a "redaction" field in the accompanying data load file. The parties will meet and confer regarding any redactions which a Receiving Party has questions and/or is considering challenging.

(b) Privilege log identification is not required for work product created by counsel, or by an agent of counsel other than a party, after May 25, 2021, or for communications (including work product) exchanged between or among: (i) the Producing Party and their external counsel; (ii) external counsel for the Producing Party; (iii) external counsel for plaintiffs; and/or (iv) external counsel for defendants.

III. MISCELLANEOUS.

- 12. Documents from Guzman v. Polaris: The parties agree that documents, depositions and materials produced by any party in the matter of Paul Guzman, et al. v. Polaris Industries Inc., et al., No. 8:19-cv-01543-FLA-KES (C.D. Cal.), may be used in this proceeding. The parties will not object to the use of such documents, depositions or testimony in this Action, except all issues of admissibility for trial are reserved.
- 13. Additional Protective Orders. Nothing herein prevents a Producing Party from seeking additional protective orders from the Court pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 and Fed. R. Evid. 502(d).
- 14. Violations of the Protective Order by a Receiving Party. In the event that any person or party violates the terms of this Protective Order or threatens to violate the terms of this Protective Order, the aggrieved Producing Party may apply to the Court to obtain relief against any such person or party violating or threatening to violate any of the terms of this Protective Order. The parties and any other person subject to the terms of this Protective Order agree that this Court shall retain jurisdiction over it and them for the purpose of enforcing this Protective Order.

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15. Violations of the Protective Order by Disclosure of Personal Information. In the event that			
any person or party violates the terms of this Protective Order by disclosing Confidential Personal			
Information or Highly Confidential Information relating to an individual third party, as defined in			
Paragraph 2 of this Order, or in the event that any person or party breaches the terms of the Protective			
Order in a manner that requires disclosure to a third party under pertinent privacy laws or otherwise, it			
shall be the responsibility of the breaching party to contact that third party and to comply with any laws			
or regulations involving breaches of Personal Information.			
16. Security Precautions and Data Breaches. Each Receiving Party must make reasonable			
efforts to protect the confidentiality of any confidential document disclosed or produced to that Receiving			

- 16. Security Precautions and Data Breaches. Each Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to protect the confidentiality of any confidential document disclosed or produced to that Receiving Party. A Receiving Party who learns of a breach of confidentiality must promptly notify the Producing Party of the scope and nature of that breach and make reasonable efforts to remedy the breach.
- 17. Protective Order Remains in Force. This Protective Order shall remain in force and effect until modified, superseded, or terminated by order of the Court. Unless otherwise ordered, or agreed upon by the parties, this Protective Order shall survive the termination of this action. The Court retains jurisdiction even after termination of this action to enforce this Protective Order and to make such amendments, modifications, deletions and additions to this Protective Order as the Court may from time to time deem appropriate.

SO ORDERED

Dated: February 4, 2022

DENNIS M. COTA UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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APPENDIX A

I hereby certify that I have read the Order Protecting Confidentiality ("Order") entered in the above-captioned action and that I understand the terms thereof. I agree to be bound by the Order. If I receive documents or information designated as Confidential or Highly Confidential, as those terms are defined in the Order, I understand that such information is provided to me pursuant to the terms and restrictions of the Order. I agree to hold in confidence and not further disclose or use for any purpose, other than as permitted by the Order, any information disclosed to me pursuant to the terms of the Order. I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of this Court for purposes of enforcing the Order and agree to accept service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of the Order by certified letter, return receipt requested, at my principal residence, in lieu of personal service or other methods of service.

I understand that these certifications are strictly confidential, that counsel for each party are maintaining the certifications without giving copies to the other side, and that the parties expressly agreed and the Court ordered that except in the event of a violation of this Order, the parties will make no attempt to seek copies of the certifications or to determine the identities of persons signing them. I further understand that if the Court should find that any disclosure is necessary to investigate a violation of this Order, the disclosure will be limited to outside counsel only, and outside counsel shall not disclose any information to their clients that could tend to identify any certification signatory unless and until there is specific evidence that a particular signatory may have violated the Order, in which case limited disclosure may be made with respect to that signatory.

Dated:	Signature:
	Printed Name:

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1	SO STIPULATED	
2	DATED: February 2, 2022	
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